

State of Utah DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Division of Oil, Gas & Mining

MICHAEL R. STYLER Executive Director

JOHN R. BAZA Division Director

Inspection Report Minerals Regulatory Program

Report Date: August 8, 2005

Supervisor Albert

Mine Name: Little Cottonwood Granite Quarry
Operator Name: Corporation of the Presiding Bishop
Inspection Date: July 5, 2005
Time: 4:20-4:50 PM

Inspector(s): Paul Baker Other Participants: None

Mine Status: Reclaimed Weather: Sunny, 90's

Elements of Inspection	Evaluated	Comment	Enforcement
1. Permits, Revisions, Transfer, Bonds			
2. Public Safety (shafts, adits, trash, signs, highwalls)	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	
3. Protection of Drainages / Erosion Control			
4. Deleterious Material			
5. Roads (maintenance, surfacing, dust control, safety)			
6. Concurrent Reclamation			
7. Backfilling/Grading (trenches, pits, roads,			
highwalls, shafts, drill holes)		Ш	
8. Water Impoundments			
9. Soils			
10. Revegetation	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
11. Air Quality			
12. Other			

Purpose of Inspection:

I wanted to measure vegetation cover and to verify that the fence, straw bales, twine, and silt fences had been removed.

Inspection Summary:

2. Public Safety (shafts, adits, trash, signs, highwalls)

The silt fences, straw bales, twine, and the fence next to the highway have all been removed. The area next to the highway that had been fenced off is being used as a parking area (Photo 1).

There are trails going up through the disturbed area, but it appears people are staying on the trails rather than damaging vegetation on the entire area (lower right portion of Photo 2).

10. Revegetation

I used ocular estimation techniques to measure vegetation cover on the reclaimed area and on adjacent undisturbed areas. I estimated perennial vegetation cover in the reclaimed area to be 37 percent.

I could not find an adjacent undisturbed area that I thought would compare with the reclaimed area. The undisturbed areas had either mature trees with nearly 100 percent cover or rock outcrop with almost no cover. Since it has been only four years since seeding was done in the reclaimed area, it would not be right to compare this with mature trees.

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For these reasons, I decided to measure understory cover as a comparison to the reclaimed area. The mean value I obtained was 28 percent.

The vegetation has progressed a lot since I last visited the site. Although the woody plants are not yet full grown, they are already providing a lot of cover. Grasses and broadleaf forbs cover most of the remaining areas. Near the top of the quarry are some areas where rock is the predominant cover, but, as can be seen in Photo 4, the adjacent undisturbed areas also have a lot of rock. Species I found in the reclaimed area include elderberry, Wood's rose, big tooth maple, box elder, chokecherry, raspberry, Gambel's oak, Palmer penstemon, basin wild rye, bluebunch wheatgrass, goldeneye, Louisiana sage, and Rocky Mountain penstemon.

Conclusions and Recommendations:

I do not know of any issues that would preclude final release. The operator needs to request release, and the Division will need to put together a findings document showing the site meets release criteria.

PBB:ib

Tom Hansen, Corp. of the Presiding Bishop

Greg Baptist, Salt Lake County

Attachment: Photos

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ATTACHMENT

Photographs

S/035/017, Little Cottonwood Granite Quarry, Corporation of the Presiding Bishop

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Photo 1. The parking area at the base of the quarry. There was formerly a fence in front of this area.

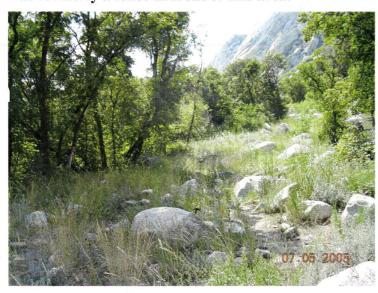


Photo 2. Part of the lower portion of the reclaimed area. Note the trail in the lower right portion of the photo.



Photo 3. Note the number and size of the trees and shrubs growing in the reclaimed area.



Photo 4. The uppermost portion of the reclaimed area.